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10/766,347	01/28/2004	Dennis Cleary	1052.045	3309
<sup>22186</sup> 7590 12/11/2007 MENDELSOHN AND ASSOCIATES, P.C. 1500 JOHN F. KENNEDY BLVD., SUTIE 405			EXAMINER	
			GUARINO, RAHEL	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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r	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/766,347	CLEARY ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Rahel Guarino	2611			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONEI	J. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. C (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
<ul> <li>1) ⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 At 2a) □ This action is FINAL. 2b) ⊠ This</li> <li>3) □ Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E</li> </ul>	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims	•				
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1,2,4-7,9,10,12-15,18 and 19 is/are re 7) ☐ Claim(s) 3,8,11,16,17 is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	wn from consideration. ejected. r election requirement. r.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Expression of the Expression is accomplicated to by the Expression is accomplicated to the expression is accomplicated to the expression is accomplicated to the expression in the expression is accomplicated to the expression i	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		١			
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>					
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	te			

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments, see remarks/arguments filed 8/20/2007, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 1-16 under 103 have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn.

However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Brueske et al. US, 6,670,901 in view of Younis et al. US, 6,134,430.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1,2,4-7,9,10,12-15,18,19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brueske et al. US, 6,670,901 in view of Younis et al. US, 6,134,430.

Re claim 1, discloses in a spread-spectrum receiver (fig.3), a method for processing a received analog spread-spectrum signal comprising:

determining whether to attenuate the received analog spread-spectrum signal (col. 3 lines 65 to col. 4 lines 10);

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based on the attenuation determination, selectively attenuating the received analog spread-spectrum signal to generate a selectively attenuated analog spread-spectrum signal (col. 4 lines 22-33);

digitizing the selectively attenuated analog spread-spectrum signal to generate a digital spread-spectrum signal (col. 4 lines 39-45) and;

filtering (digital filters (fig.3 323,325)) the digital spread-spectrum signal in an attempt to compensate for interference in the received analog spread-spectrum signal to generate a filtered digital spread-spectrum signal (col. col. 4 lines 63-67), does not teach de-spreading the filtered digital spread-spectrum signal.

However, Younis discloses a digital signal processor for de-spreading the filtered digital spread-spectrum signal to generate a de-spread digital signal, wherein the attenuation determination is based on the amplitude of the digital spread-spectrum signal prior to the interference-compensation filtering and the de-spreading (col. 4 lines 42-44).

Therefore, taking the combined teaching of Brueske and Younis as a whole would have been rendered obvious to one skilled in the art to modify Brueske to utilize a digital signal processor as despreader for the benefit of yielding the desired signal.

Re claim 2, the modified invention as claimed in claim 1, wherein the filtering attempts to compensate for off-channel interference in the received analog spread-spectrum signal (col. 4 lines 63 to col. 5 line 4; the digital filters (323,325) further attenuate the (I,Q) channels to compensate for the off-channel

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Interference,"Brueske").

Re claim 4, the modified invention as claimed in claim 1, wherein: the received analog spread-spectrum signal is attenuated when the amplitude of the digital spread-spectrum signal is greater than an upper threshold, the received analog spread-spectrum signal is not attenuated when the amplitude of the digital spread-spectrum signal is less than a lower threshold, wherein the upper threshold is greater than the lower threshold (col. 4 lines 46-60 and col. 23 lines 9-23,"Younis"; the attenuator (fig. 2 (1216)) attenuates the amplitude of the input signal based on the ADC signal. The dynamic range threshold is enabled and disabled based on the upper and lower threshold).

Re claim 5, the modified invention as claimed in claim 4, wherein the upper threshold is greater than the lower threshold by an amount greater than the level of selective attenuation in order to provide hysteresis in the attenuation determination (col. 22 lines 50 to col. 23 lines 9-23,"Younis" (fig.11); Younis teaches upper threshold and lower threshold and the dynamic range threshold with the hysteresis to prevent toggling. With 6 dB hysteresis, when the threshold exceeds 51 dB loop (110a) is enabled and when the threshold is below 45dB is disabled).

Re claim 6, the modified invention as claimed in claim 1, wherein:
the received analog spread-spectrum signal is a radio frequency (RF)

converting the RF signal to an intermediate frequency (IF) prior to the digitization (col. 6 lines 34-38," Younis"); and converting the IF signal to

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baseband after digitization (col. 4 lines 4-14,"Younis").

Re claim 7, the modified invention as claimed in claim 6, wherein the filtering and the de-spreading are implemented at baseband (fig.4 (1250; demodulator), col. 7 lines 50-55," Younis").

Re claim 9, discloses in a spread-spectrum receiver (fig.3), a method for processing a received analog spread-spectrum signal comprising:

A variable attenuator (LNA/VGA) adapted to attenuate the received analog spread-spectrum signal (col. 3 lines 65 to col. 4 lines 10);

an analog-to-digital converter (ADC (fig.3 (A/D (319,321)) adapted to digitize the selectively attenuated analog spread-spectrum signal to generate a digital spread-spectrum signal (col. 4 lines 39-45);

An interference-compensation filter (digital filters (fig.3 323,325)) adapted to filter the digital spread-spectrum signal in an attempt to compensate for interference in the received analog spread-spectrum signal to generate a filtered digital spread-spectrum signal (col. col. 4 lines 63-67), does not teach digital processor adapted to de-spread the filtered digital spread-spectrum signal.

However, Younis discloses a digital signal processor for de-spreading the filtered digital spread-spectrum signal to generate a de-spread digital signal, wherein the attenuation determination is based on the amplitude of the digital spread-spectrum signal prior to the interference-compensation filtering and the de-spreading (col. 4 lines 42-44).

Therefore, taking the combined teaching of Brueske and Younis as a whole would have been rendered obvious to one skilled in the art to modify

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Brueske to utilize a digital signal processor as despreader for the benefit of yielding the desired signal.

Re claim 10, the modified invention as claimed in claim 9, wherein the filtering is adapted to attempt to compensate for off-channel interference in the received analog spread-spectrum signal (col. 4 lines 63 to col. 5 line 4; the digital filters (323,325) further attenuate the (I,Q) channels to compensate for the off-channel Interference,"Brueske").

Re claim 12, the modified invention as claimed in claim 9, wherein: the controller (fig. 2 (1260;AGC control circuit) is adapted to control the variable attenuator to attenuate the received analog spread-spectrum signal when the amplitude of the digital spread-spectrum signal is greater than an upper threshold The controller (fig. 2 (1260; AGC control circuit) is adapted to control the variable attenuator not to attenuate the received analog spread-spectrum signal when the

amplitude of the digital spread-spectrum signal is less than a lower threshold, wherein the upper threshold is greater than the lower threshold (col. 4 lines 46-60 and col. 23 lines 9-23,"Younis"; the attenuator (fig. 2 (1216)) attenuates the amplitude of the input signal based on the ADC signal. The dynamic range threshold is enabled and disabled based on the upper and lower threshold).

Re claim 13, the modified invention as claimed in claim 12, wherein the upper threshold is greater than the lower threshold by an amount greater than the level of selective attenuation in order to provide hysteresis in the attenuation determination (col. 22 lines 50 to col. 23 lines 9-23,"Younis" (fig.11); Younis

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teaches upper threshold and lower threshold and the dynamic range threshold with the hysteresis to prevent toggling. With 6 dB hysteresis, when the threshold exceeds 51 dB loop (110a) is enabled and when the threshold is below 45dB is enabled).

Re claim 14, the modified invention as claimed in claim 9, wherein:
the received analog spread-spectrum signal is a radio frequency (RF)
signal; and further comprising:

mixer adapted to convert the RF signal to an intermediate frequency (IF) prior to the digitization (col. 6 lines 34-38," Younis"); and a digital downconverter (fig.4 (1414a and 1414b) adapted to convert the IF signal to baseband after digitization (col. 7 lines 42-46,"Younis").

Re claim 15, the modified invention as claimed in claim 14, wherein the filtering and the digital processor are implemented at baseband (fig.4 (1250; demodulator), col. 7 lines 9-20," Younis").

Re claim 18, the modified invention as claimed in claim 1, wherein the attenuation determination is based on the amplitude of the digital spread-spectrum in a time domain (the application's specification para#40 discloses that "the conversion from the RF to baseband could be implemented in a single step, in either the analog or digital domain. By definition the time domain is in analog or digital domain or its original frequency. (col. 7 lines 9-20,"Younis").

Re claim 19, the modified invention as claimed in claim 6, wherein the attenuation determination is based on the amplitude of digital IF signal (col. 4)

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lines 40-44,"Younis"; the ADC converts the IF signal into IF sampled digital signal and the amplitude is attenuated based on the IF sampled digital signal).

### Allowable Subject Matter

4. Claims 3, 8, 11, 16 and 17 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Rahel Guarino whose telephone number is 571-270-1198. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7:30-4:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Payne David can be reached on 571-272-3024. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

DAVID C. PAYNE SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.